Alexandria DAILY Gazette, Commercial & Political.

VOL IX.] THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 23, 1809. 2646.

Sales at Vendue.

On every Tuesday and Friday,
WILL BE SOLD
At the Vendue Store, corner of Prince and Water streets.
A Variety of Dry Goods, Groceries, &c.
Particulars of which will be expressed in the bills of the day——All kinds of goods which are on limitation and the prices of which are established, can at any time be viewed and purchased at the lowest limitation and prices.

P. G. Marsteller, V. M.

THE INTRIGUES
OF
The Queen of pain
WITH THE
Prince of Peace and others.

Written by a Spanish Nobleman and Patriot, who alone can be acquainted with the intrigues and amors of the above personages.
For sale by
Cottom & Stewart.
August 11.

FINE PASTURE.

WE will be ready in about ten days to furnish butchers and others, Pasturage on our island, for any number of cattle not exceeding 100.

Philip Alexander,
John Luke.

July 29. d

FRESH FRUIT.

The subscriber has just received and offers for sale,
Malaga Raisins in kegs,
Muscatel and Bloom Raisins in boxes.
ALSO,
36 bags and 12 barrels Coffee.
James Patton.
April 19.

TO HIRE,

By the month or year,
A Negro Man, *a sailor.*—He will be hired low if taken by the year.
Enquire of the Printer.
July 29.

Five Dollars *Reward.*

RAN AWAY from the subscriber, living in Alexandria, a negro boy, of a yellowish complexion, called JOE PAIN, about 16 years of age—had on when he went away a pair of home-spun pantaloons, mixed with blue black and white, and generally wore them without suspenders tied round his waist with a string: Likewise, had on a blue cloth roundabout jacket. I think it probable that he may have changed them. He is apt to be impudent when spoken to and speaks very quick. It is supposed he is at present lurking about the navy yard, though he is frequently in Alexandria.

B. Dade.
November 4.

NEW ALMANAC.

COTTOM & STEWART,
HAVE JUST PUBLISHED THEIR
ALMANAC,
For 1810.
Containing, besides the astronomical calculations, a variety of useful and entertaining matter.
ALSO,
GERMAN ALMANCS,
For 1810.
For saleb the Gross, Dozen, or single one
October

JOHN G. LADD,

HAS FOR SALE,
10 bales Gurrahs,
40 chests Young Hyson Tea, entitled to drawback.
50 chests Imperial, Hyson, and Hyson-skin ditto.
20 half boxes 8 by 10 Window Glass.
100 boxes Spermaceti Candles.
100 do. Dipped Tallow.
1 pipe L. P. Madeira Wine.
10 hogsheads Muscovado Sugars.
10 pipes French Brandy, and two pipes Holland Gin.
A quantity of Writing and Wrapping Paper; Soal Leather; Shoes; Oil; Cheese; Lime, and Plaister of Paris.
November 11.

Public Sale.

On SATURDAY, the 25th instant, at 12 o'clock, at William Harper's wharf, will be sold,

The fast-sailing Sloop
Maria Antoinete,
Seventy-two tons burthen, and built of the best materials, her rigging and sails good and in other respects well found. Terms liberal.
November 18. dts

For Freight or Charter

The fine staunch SHIP
THOMAS,
CAPTAIN MARTIN,
Burden about 250 tons, and in complete order. (now daily expected from Boston) Apply to
John G. Ladd.
November 17.

Just Received, and now offered for sale,

A few Pots W. India Sweetmeats, viz.

Orange Peal,
Mamey Apple,
Pine Apple,
Ginger. } IN POTS.
Guava Jelly in pots and boxes.
Tamarinds.
Excellent Lemons in boxes.
Limes, and Oranges.
Smoaked and pickled Salmon.
Sounds and Tongues.
Pickling Vinegar, and Groceries as usual.
Thos. Patten.
August 22.

The Subscriber

Has received the following articles:
New Orleans and St. Croix Sugars of the first quality
Mississippi Cotton of the first quality
Cogniac Brandy, St. Croix Rum, Holland Gin
London Particular Madeira
Sherry
Lisbon } WINES
Superior Claret in cases
Imperial,
Hyson,
Young Hyson,
Hyson Skin,
Souchong, &
Bohea } TEAS.
Best Green Coffee in bags and barrels
Gunpowder
P. B. Patent Shot, from B. B. to No. 9
Mould Shot, B. L. and S. S. G.
Salt Petre, double refined
Spanish Flotant Indigo
Copperas of the 1st quality
Fresh Nutmegs
Pimento and black Pepper,
Demijohns,
With a general assortment of GROCERIES, and as usual, old Jamaica Spirits, Peach Brandy, and old Port wine in bottles.
The above articles will be sold very low by the wholesale or retail.

TO RENT,

A convenient and well finished BRICK HOUSE, at the upper end of King street.
James Sanderson.
Nov. 3. d

Coppersmith & Tin-Plate-Worker.

THE subscriber continues to make and repair all kinds of COPPER & TIN WARE, and also carries on the BRASS-FOUNDERS' BUSINESS under the direction of *William Fletcher*, and will execute any work in that line.
FOR SALE,
15 boxes 10 by 12, and 15 do. 8 by 10 Bohemia Window Glass, of a good quality.
TO LET.
The House on Fairfax-street, occupied by myself, which is made to accommodate one or two families—I will give a lease on moderate terms. Also, the Brick House on the corner of Prince and Royal-streets, and one Blacksmith's Shop with a set of Tools.
For Sale or to Let on a Ground Rent for ever,
63 feet of Ground, fronting on King-street and running back 100 feet to a 10 feet alley, it is situate nearly opposite the diagonal pump in a good part of the town.
The highest price will be given for old Copper, Pewter, Brass and Lead.
George M'Munn.
August 30. 3m

FOR SALE,

A NEGRO WOMAN.
SHE is a good Cook, Washer and Ironer, and will be sold low for cash or on a short credit. Apply to the Printer.
Sept. 30.

Just Published,

[Price 12 and a half Cents.]
For sale, at R. GRAY'S Bookstore, King-street,
A Discourse on the Resurrection of the Body:
By the Rev. Samuel Stanhope Smith, President of Princeton College.
November 10.

ROSE HILL FOR SALE.

This healthy, beautiful, and well improved SEAT is now offered for sale.
It contains 400 acres, 150 of which are in wood. No land is better adapted to the use of Plaister of Paris, and there is some very valuable meadow land upon it.
For terms apply to W. H. Foote, esq. upon the premises, or to the subscriber in Charles county, Maryland.
Benjamin Dulany, jun.
September 14. d

Just Received,

AND FOR SALE BY
CHARLES I. CATLETT,
75 chests Imperial, Hyson, & Young Hyson Teas.
30,000 lbs. prime Green Coffee.
20 pipes and 8 quarter casks Lisbon and Tenerife Wine.
8 hogsheads Muscovado Sugar.
2000 lbs. Seine Twine.
50 boxes Mould Candles.
50 do. Spanish Segars.
8 barrels Pimento.
October 16.

A GREAT BARGAIN.

THE subscriber wishing to remove to the western country, will sell the FARM on which he resides in Fairfax county, 11 miles from Alexandria, 9 from George Town ferry, and about the same from the Potomac bridge crossing to the city of Washington—in a healthy, agreeable neighborhood, containing about 470 acres, on which is a convenient dwelling house, large enough for a genteel family, together with all the outhouses suitable, all new or nearly so; an orchard of apple trees of selected fruit, together with different other fruit trees, a proportion of improved meadow for the scythe, and a large portion more may easily be made. Any person inclined to purchase may know the terms by application to Mr. JOHN DULIN, adjoining the said farm, or the subscriber on the premises.

E. Dulin.
dtf

FOR SALE,

A TRACT of LAND, where Captain *James Deneale* formerly resided, near Fairfax court house, containing about 206 acres, whereon Mr. WALTER LOW lives—he has rented it for the next year for one hundred dollars per year. Possession will be given next Christmas come a year.
ALSO,
A tract of LAND in Fauquier county, adjoining the Thoroughfare Mill Tract, on the west side of the Bull Run Mountain, whereon I now live, containing between 4 and 500 acres as good a farm as any in the county, the best meadows in the county, with a good young orchard and good new dwelling house. It is unnecessary to say any more about the above lands, as it is supposed that no person will purchase without viewing the premises. Possession will be given the place I live on next new year's day.
James Gunnell.
Fauquier County, Oct. 1—9. d25thDe

JAMES BACON

Begs leave to inform his former customers and friends, that he has
Recommenced the Grocery Business,
At his Store on King near Washington-street.
WHERE HE OFFERS FOR SALE,
A well chosen assortment of goods, in that line,
Warranted genuine, particularly his
TEAS, WINES & LIQUORS,
Which are of a superior quality—He will dispose of each and every article on the most moderate terms.
May 2. dtf

For Freight or Charter,

To any permitted Port,

The new Brig
SUMNER,
ANDREW MALCOM, Master; Burthen 2000 barrels: She is in compleat order and ready to receive a cargo. Apply to
Charles I. Catlett.
November 6.

Wanted to Hire for the ensuing Year,

A NEGRO MAN, who can work in the house, and take care of horses. Apply to the PRINTER.
November 14. d

MILITARY LANDS.

FOR SALE,
Or will be exchanged for Property in Alexandria or its vicinity,
A Warrant for 696 acres of Land,
Granted by the state of Virginia for Military services during the revolutionary war. This land lies in the state of Ohio, and is said to be amongst the best in the state. It will be sold a great bargain. Apply to
John Longden.
May 13.

Joseph Mandeville,

Corner of King and Fairfax Streets, has just received;
40 boxes new Muscadel and Bloom Raisins
800lb. real soft shelled Almonds, a few days imported,
10 casks 1st quality colored Goshen cheese.
ON HAND,
Old particular Madeira Wine of the choicest quality, and a good assortment of Wines, Liquors, Teas, Spices and Groceries in general for sale by wholesale or retail.
November 14.

Sheep, Cattle, & Horses.

On THURSDAY, the 30th of this month if fair; if not, the next fair day, will be sold, at public sale, at the plantation belonging to the estate of *John Gibson*, deceased, on Slaty Run, in Prince-William county—
150 prime Sheep, 50 likely young Cattle, and ten Colts, two and three years old.—For all sums above twenty dollars one year's credit will be given, the purchaser giving bond with approved security—for twenty Dollars and under, ready money, will be required.
John Spence,
James Reid,
Executors of *John Gibson*, deceased.
Dumfries, Nov. 8—11. dts

R. GRAY,

Has just received direct from the paper mill,
44 reams Super Royal,
24 do Royal, and
12 do. Medium printing PAPER, which he offers for sale by the quantity at a small advance for cash.
ALSO,
A large stock of writing and letter PAPER.
LATELY RECEIVED,
An assortment of Playing Cards & Slates, English and German Almanacs, for the year 1810, and a general assortment of School Books and Stationary.
November 14.

Wanted to Hire,

A FEMALE SERVANT to cook for a small family. Enquire of the
Printer.
November 22. d5t‡

ATTENTION.

Battallion Courts of Enquiry for the assessment of fines, will be held at the Council Chamber, on SATURDAY, the 25th inst. And a Legionary Court for the purpose of hearing Appeals, and performing other duties required by law, will be held at the same place, on Saturday, the 9th of December next—where those interested may attend.
November 21 d4t

Public Sale.

On SATURDAY next, at ten o'clock, will be sold, at the dwelling house of *E Janney*, corner of Duke and Royal-streets—
A variety of Houshold and Kitchen Furniture, &c.
P. G. MARSTELLER.
November 21

Alexandria Daily Gazette,
COMMERCIAL AND POLITICAL.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY
SAMUEL SNOWDEN,
Royal-street, Alexandria.

Daily Gazette 6 Dollars per annum.
Country Gazette, 5 Dollars.

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 23.

POETICAL DEPARTMENT.

A THOUGHT,
On seeing an Infant three weeks old, asleep.

Sleep on, sweet Babe! thy Father's near thee—
Tho' weak and feeble is his knee,
Yet he will watch, that naught comes near thee—
Yes, LOVE! he'll watch & toil for thee.

SONG,
Tune—'The last time I came o'er the moor.'

Oh, Mary, lay those frowns aside,
Ye ken they canna please me;
It hurt me, sair, to hear ye chide,
Then why sae aften tease me?

These rosy cheeks, that bonny mouth,
And a' that fouth o' beauty,
Believe me, lass, I speak the truth,
Were made for sweeter duty.

The birds were made to soar thro' air,
Wi' songs their care beguiling;
To please the sight the lilly fair,
And Mary's lips for smiling.

Then, why distort that bonne face?
To charm by heav'n intended,
Where ilka beauty, ilka grace,
We see sae sweetly blended.

Tir'd wi' the cauld return for love,
With which ye sae perplex me,
I vow, by a' the powers above,
Ye never mair shall vex me.

Sic haughty words as these I said,
When last wi' you I parted;
But by those een I'm perjured made,
And still am broken hearted.

If time, that sour auld canker'd carl,
Should once become your teacher,
Tho' ye're the wale o' a' the warl,
I fear he'll prove nae fletcher.

Than lassie, look no longer dure,
But shew by your consenting,
'Tis wiser far to yield this hour,
Than be the next repenting.

A beautiful Thought.

Some few years ago, several persons of distinction went to visit the school for the education of deaf and dumb children at Paris, under the direction of a celebrated abbe, for the purpose of witnessing the progress they had made in learning. One of the boys being asked what was the meaning of the word *gratitude*, he immediately took a pen and wrote—"THE MEMORY OF THE HEART."

Remarkable epitaph on a tomb-stone at Aberconway, Carnarvonshire:

"Here lieth the body of Nicholas Hookes, of Conway, gent. who was the one-and-fortieth child of his father, William Hookes, esq. by Alice, his wife, and the father of seven and-twenty children. He died the 20th March, 1637."

BRUCE, the Abyssian traveller, whilst accompanying a caravan in which there were the natives of 30 different nations bordering on Ethiopia, procured a translation of part of Solomon's songs, from each language; he observed a striking similarity in many parts of the translations, particularly in the word answering to "kiss," which was the same in them in all. Having mentioned this to a certain bonny Dutchess, (Gordon) she archly retorted, "I always told you Mr. Bruce, that kissing is the same all the world over."

From the Connecicut Courant.

ON THE IMPORTANCE OF PUNCTUALITY.

"*Go sell the oil, and pay thy debt, and live thou and thy children on the rest.*"
2 Kings, iv. 8.

There is a class of people who, though not ranked with criminals, occasion much inconvenience and vexation in society: these are they that are prompt to promise, but slow to perform. Some there are who deceive others in dealings by first deceiving themselves. They are so misled by an ardent imagination as to think, without any solid grounds, that to-morrow will be *much more abundant* with them than the present day. They can do this, and can do that, and indeed can do almost any thing, *a while hence*. They take credit with eagerness and with confidence; because, without consulting their understandings, they blindly follow the impulse of a romantic hope. "The "thing is rather dear, and I might do with-"out it, but can have six month's credit.—"Six months credit! 'tis half as good as "though it were given out of hand; for "surely I can make payment in all that "time, and scarcely feel it." Well, among a thousand possibilities, it is barely possible that a man who has no money now, nor any adequate means to raise it, may nevertheless have money enough six months hence. Hope fastens upon this single possibility: She ventures in the lottery when the chances are nine hundred and ninety-nine to one against her, and draws a blank. Pay-day arrives; the creditor come. "You "must wait; the world, you know, is full "of disappointments, and I have had my "share of them; I will positively pay you "in sixty or ninety days; but cant for the "life of me do it now."

There are some who would scorn the imputation of falsehood or of knavery; yet they readily promise, by word or by note, without even intending to perform their engagements *punctually*: they know they must pay at last, but mean to shuffle it off as long as they can, and never think of bestirring themselves in earnest till after they have received two or three *duns*, or a *writ*. There are some who are slack to pay, when it is completely in their power: they wait to be urged, and discharge their honest debts with as much loathness, seemingly, as a miser gives alms. There are some who are particularly heedless of the *small sums* they owe. They suffer little bills which they could pay at any time, to be presented to them over and over and over again, till the trouble of collecting nearly equals the value of the debts. Finally, there are some who, though they never expect to pay at all, add to the misfortune of their creditors by amusing them as long as they possibly can with fair and flattering promises.

Now it happens that a large part of these are classed by the world among your milky, good natured people. They are thought not to have the flinty rigor of your strait-laced dealer, who is punctual himself and exacts the same of those he deals with. They are careless, but condescending; hardly just, but profusely liberal; hating to *pay* away, but free to *give* away, and even to *throw* away. But after allowing them all due cre- [illegible] too that they dont mean the mischiefs which they occasion; it may be affirmed for truth that community generally suffers ten fold more from these *good-natured* folks than from all the downright robbery and theft that are committed in it. It is seldom that one is robbed of his money, or has his goods stolen; whereas disappointments arising from want of punctuality are evils that are felt daily, and by all; by farmers, mechanics and laborers, as well as by merchants and traders. One disappointment of this kind frequently occasions many more: A owes a sum to B, and B owes it to C, and so on, perhaps, throughout all the letters of the alphabet; and by reason that A disappoints B, all are disappointed.

Many of those who are heedless of their pecuniary engagements have become so by *habit*. Their first negligence began in early life, and in trivial affairs; and the first violation of their promises gave them, perhaps, considerable uneasiness. By frequent repititions, their minds became callous; till at last they are brought to forfeit their word without shame or compunction. It is therefore a necessary and important part of education to guard the young mind against this evil. Children and youths should be taught punctuality, both as a moral duty and as a necessary step to their own interests and respectability in life: I speak of *lawful* engagements only; for "*criminal engagements are absolutely null, and never to be fulfilled.*" They should be cautioned often against being imprudent or prodigal in promises, and exhorted to a strict and punctual performance. Bend a twig in any particular direction, and keep it so for a long time, and it will continue in that direction after it has grown to a tree. Thus persons who had been always accustomed to be scrupulously exact in the performance of their promises and engagements during the period of childhood and youth, are seldom heedless in such respects afterwards; for punctuality becomes natural to them, and the longer they live the more clearly they see the benefits of it to themselves as well as to community.

The ability to be punctual in fulfilling engagements depends greatly upon prudence in making them. A man who would support a fair character for honesty and punctuality should be cautious of plunging too deeply in debt; should never pass his word rashly should never engage in too hazardous undertakings, nor promise further than he has a reasonable expectation of being able to perform. One who values his honor or his credit should carefully shun the scandal of being a bad paymaster: it is a blot on character, and an impediment to worldly intrest. One who properly regards his own ease of mind and the duties of society will not unnecessarily keep others out of their dues, even a single day. "Say not unto thy neighbor, Go, and come again, and to-morrow I will (pay); when thou hast it by thee;" consume not a drop of the "*oil*" which belongs to the creditor. Live upon your own; for it is infinitely better, with a bare competence, to live honestly, than, by means of keeping others out of their just dues, to live splendidly.

From the New-York American Citizen.

THE NEGOCIATION.

It appears from the ambiguous paragraph, which we copy from the National Intelligence, that the negociation between our government and Mr. Jackson is not only at an end, but that no more communications will be received from that minister.

The difference which has arisen seems to be this: Mr. Jackson states in the first place, that Mr. Canning's dispatch of January 23, published by parliament, and republished in our papers, was the *only one* received by Mr. Erskine in reference to the negociation which was concluded in April last, *just before our election commenced.* To this Mr. Smith replies, "that no such declaration had before been made to our government." Here there is no contradiction. But Mr. Smith adds, that "if *that* dispatch had been communicated to our government, at the time of the arrangement, or if it had been known that the propositions contained in it were the only ones on which he (Mr. Erskine) was authorised to make an arrangement, the arrangement would not have been made." Now comes the contradiction. Mr. Jackson in his reply asserts that Mr. Erskine's instructions *were*, at the time, "communicated to our government." Here Mr. Secretary Smith and Mr. Jackson, are at issue about the fact. Mr. Smith intimates in his rejoinder, that such an "insinuation" was inadmissible. Mr. Jackson perseveres in his declaration, and for doing so, he is promptly told, that no "more communications would be received from him." Which is right or which is wrong, we cannot say—*official* communications and accompanying facts will enable us to decide. Mr. Jackson *may* have found upon the diplomatic books of Mr. Erskine, which have of course been transferred to him, that he had shown Mr. Canning's dispatch of January 23, to our government, and if so, whether true or false, Mr. Jackson was compelled to believe and to insist upon the fact. On the other hand, IF our government saw that dispatch, and yet negociated *(our election was approaching)* it draws upon itself all the responsibility of the rupture while it can no longer conceal the *trick*. But we may conjecture a thousand things, and not one of them right, so many are the artifices of governments and the machinations of parties.

Meanwhile, how does the nation stand? When shall we extricate ourselves from the immense difficulties into which we have been brought by the *errors*, (I will use a soft term) of the illustrious Sage? Two years ago we were to *coerce* England (it was not so said but that is the fact) into submission. How? by starving her—by prohibiting the exportation of our grain. We were to stir up rebellion. How? by withholding our raw materials. The Sage thought all this, and wished all this, *for the love of France*. I saw at once, to us, the folly and the ruin of the embargo, and so did Mr. De Witt Clinton, when with such admirable sagacity and promptness he attributed that measure, by insinuation, to French influence. Is England starved? No. Has she made us any concessions? No, nor never will unless we thump her into them, and I fear the Sage's gun-boats are incompetent to that. But we have made concession to England without obtaining those advantages which she had voluntarily offered to us, but which the illustrious sage, backed by all the wisdom of Martling's ale house, rejected. We have removed the embargo—we have transformed it (power and emolument and popularity being at stake) into a *non-intercourse*, admitting the exportation of *all* our produce by land, but most ably and sternly and *coercively* prohibiting it by sea, except *by a little circuit*, in which mode it *all* goes out! Ah the wisdom of the Sage! How exquisite is party! How it triumphs over common sense and common honesty; the character of the nation as well as its happiness and, prosperity! And now we shall have a year's *calm* discussion, whether Mr. Minister Jackson, or Mr. Secretary Smith has been fibbing!

FROM THE RHODE ISLAND AMERICAN.

Messrs. Dunham and Hawkins,

On the 17th of June last I took my departure from Block Island, bound to St. Barts. We were steering E. S. E. and a southerly wind was blowing very brisk; the sky was cloudy and squally, accompanied with rain, sharp lightning, loud thunder, and a rough sea. At three days sail from Block-Island, in lat. 30, 53, N. long. 70, 25, W. at 11 o'clock at night, a sharp and uncommon noise was heard astern of the vessel, resembling somewhat the report of a pistol, at two distinct and different times. A few minutes after this noise, the clouds seperated over head in the form of a fog rainbow, and *at that moment a stone fell on our deck, and at the same time a large quantity fell in the water under our lee, at the distance I should judge of about 12 feet.*

In about five or six seconds afterwards, the fog-rainbow descended to the horizon. I suppose, from the quantity that fell in the water, that had they fallen on board, we should have suffered material injury. The stone that fell upon the deck I have preserved, it weighs about six ounces, is of the color of iron, and appears to be impregnated with copper. Whether this stone was drawn up by a water spout, which broke a little astern of us, I leave for others to judge. The weather still continued very thick and cloudy attended with rain, sharp lightning, heavy thunder and a rough sea. This stone may be seen and examined by any person who wishes to gratify his curiosity, by calling at the residence of the subscriber, in Westminster-street.

BENNETT P. GATEWOOD.

☞ The Connecticut meteor that terminated in a stone, has excited much discussion amongst learned philosophers, both in our country and in Europe.

We embrace the earliest opportunity to communicate any facts to the public which may throw light on this interesting question. Instances of phœnomena of this kind, both ancient and modern times have been witnesses of, and the cause still remains unexplained. We have examined the stone, and it appears to be composed of iron, with spots of a substance resembling verdigris interspersed, which leads to the supposition that it is impregnated with copper.]

NOTICE.

ON the 17th August last, I sent a letter to the Post Office in this place, directed to Mr. S. G. Griffith, merchant, Baltimore, covering a Post Note of the Bank of Alexandria for 500 dollars. It had been several times endorsed, & lastly made payable by me to the order of S. G. Griffith. The said letter never has come to hand: I therefore request should it have been found, to send it by Post directed to col. Gilpin Post Master Alexandria, and a reward of 25 dollars shall be given. Payment of the Post Note cannot be had, as information has been lodged of its loss to the different Banks.

William S. Moore.

November 22. d3t

For Rent or Sale,
A Bake-house & Dwelling-houses.

THAT Bake House and Dwelling House situate at the corner of Water and Oronoko streets, at present occupied by Mr. Andrew Jamieson. Possession may be had the first day of January next.

ALSO,

That Square, or two acres of ground, with the improvements thereon, situate on Washington street, between Oronoko and Pendleton streets, whereon my family at present live. Immediate possession may be had.

ALSO TO RENT,

That Dwelling House on Princess street, near Water street, adjoining the house at present occupied by Mr. John Jamieson.—Immediate possession will be given.

John Dundas.

November 17. d1w&eotf

Five Dollars Reward.

Ranaway, from the subscriber, *living in* Prince George's County, Maryland, on Monday, the 20th instant a negro girl, named LUCY, about 17 years of age, 5 feet 6 inches high, dark complexion, has a white mark just below her right ear, and a scar on her breast occasioned by a bile:—had on when she went away a country cloth frock; black ground, and blue and a white stripe, which had a large NEW PIECE put into the fore part, and an over jacket of yellow country cloth, a black hat, and a pair of new shoes. She was sent to the Alexandria market and has not since returned, and it is probable she is lurking about town at this time. The above reward will be given for apprehending and lodging her in Alexandria jail and giving me information, if taken in town or I will give a greater reward if taken at a distance and safely lodged in jail.

Joseph I. Florence.

Nov. 22. d4t

DE ISLAND AMERICAN.

—

and Hawkins,
June last i took my de-
ock-Island, bound to St.
steering E. S. E. and a
as blowing very brisk; the
ad squally, accompanied
ghtning, loud thunder, and
hree days sail from Block-
53, N. long. 70, 25, W.
ight, a sharp and uncom-
ard astern of the vessel, re-
hat the report of a pistol, at
different times. A few
noise, the clouds seperat-
he form of a fog rainbow,
nt a stone fell on our deck,
ime a large quantity fell in
our lee, at the distance I
bout 12 feet.
or six seconds afterwards,
descended to the horizon.
the quantity that fell in the
they fallen on board, we
red material injury. The
on the deck I have preserv-
ut six ounces, is of the co-
ppears to be impregnated
ther this stone was drawn
out, which broke a little a-
ve for others to judge. The
inued very thick and cloudy
in, sharp lightning, heavy
ough sea. This stone may
mined by any person who
his curiosity, by calling at
he subscriber, in Westmin-

FT P. GATEWOOD.
nnecticut meteor that ter-
e, has excited much dis-
learned philosophers, both
nd in Europe.
he earliest opportunity to
y facts to the public which
on this interesting ques-
of phœnomena of this kind,
modern times have been
l the cause still remains un-
have examined the stone,
be composed of iron, with
ance resembling verdigris
ich leads to the supposition
nated with copper.]

NOTICE.

—

ugust last, I sent a letter to
this place, directed to Mr. S.
hant, Baltimore, covering a
Bank of Alexandria for 500
een several times endorsed, &
le by me to the order of S. G.
aid letter never has come to
request should it have been
by Post directed to col. Gilpin
andria, and a reward of 25
ven. Payment of the Post
ad, as information has been
to the different Banks.
William S. Moore.
d3t

Rent or Sale,
e & Dwelling-houses.
House and Dwelling House
ner of Water and Oronoko
nt occupied by Mr. Andrew
ession may be had the first
ext.
ALSO,
or two acres of ground, with
s thereon, situate on Wash-
tween Oronoko and Pendle-
reon my family at present
e possession may be had.
O TO RENT,
House on Princess street,
et, adjoining the house at
by Mr. John Jamieson.—
ssion will be given.
John Dundas.
d1w&eotf

ollars Reward.

—

m the subscriber, *living in*
County, Maryland, on Mon-
stant a negro girl, named
years of age, 5 feet 6 inch-
mplexion, has a white mark
ght ear, and a scar on her
i by a bile:—had on when
a country cloth frock, black
and a white stripe, which
EW PIECE put into the
over jacket of yellow coun-
ck hat, and a pair of new
sent to the Alexandria mar-
nce returned, and it is pro-
ng about town at this time.
rd will be given for appre-
ing her in Alexandria jail
formation, if taken in town,
greater reward if taken at a
ly lodged in jail.
oseph I. Florence.
d4t

Alexandria Daily Gazette.

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 23.

In order to correct an erroneous paragraph that appeared in the Baltimore papers, stating the re-capture of the ship Commerce of this port, from the French, and for which salvage was paid—we make the following statement of facts relative to the capture and recapture of that ship, and at the same time to do justice to the generous conduct of Lord COLLINGWOOD, and the captain of the frigate Frederickstadt.

In the month of July, last past, the ship Commerce, capt. Burnham, was captured in the Mediterranean by a French privateer, who took out the mate and crew, and put on board a prize master and sailors to carry her into a French or Italian port. The prize master not being well acquainted with navigation, found it necessary to consult capt. Burnham, who contrived to steer for Toulon, where he knew an English squadron was stationed; and he managed so well, that at day-break he found himself surrounded by the British Fleet, and was retaken and put in possession of his vessel. He was treated with the greatest kindness and attention by the British admiral, who generously gave up the ship without *taking or claiming* any *salvage*, and also lent him seamen from his ship to navigate the Commerce to Mahon, on his pledging his honor to return the men to any British ship of war he might find in that port.

On his arrival at Mahon he found there the British frigate Frederickstadt, to whom he delivered the men. The above frigate being bound to Malta with a convoy, the captain furnished him with other seamen from his ship, (without any remuneration) and took him under his protection to Malta, where he arrived in safety.

Freedom of the sea.—A general and complete freedom of the sea is ideal rather than real; a thing that would be just and desirable, rather than actually attainable in the present selfish and depraved condition of human nature. As we observed before, when commercial nations have no considerable armed fleets, the dominion of the sea is usurped by pirates. On the other hand, whenever any one nation to obtain an ascendancy of power upon the ocean, such nation has never failed to exercise a kind of sovereignty there, by claiming unequal privileges and withholding from others a part of their just rights.

There is no kind of dominion that tends so much to render a nation insolent and overbearing, as the dominion of the sea; for the nation that has this, can, by its armed vessels, carry death and destruction every where; it can suddenly extend its destroying arm to the distance of thousands of miles from home; it can give blows, which the sufferer, how powerful soever upon the land, is unable to return.

Almost every maritime nation of Europe has, in its turn, contended for the sovereignty of the sea; we say for the *sovereignty* of the sea, because, howsoever some of them might have pretended at the beginning of the contest that they were fighting for the *freedom* of the sea, they no sooner had obtained the ascendancy of power than they claimed to themselves unequal privileges, and might overcame right.—The sovereignty of the sea has passed from nation to nation. Of old, the Tyrians, the Carthagenians, the Grecians, Sicilians, and the Romans, had it each in their turn. In modern ages it has shifted among the maritime nations of Europe, from one to another, till for some considerable time past and at present, it has been and is possessed by the English more fully and extensively than perhaps by any nation ever before.—Wherever almost there is a navigable sea, there their armed ships are found. They can annoy and harrass the sea coasts of all the four quarters of the globe, and at the same time be secure at home. This is enough, as human nature is, to render them haughty and insolent. They are so; and we are not disposed to justify their haughtiness and insolence, or to deny that they have frequently claimed rights which did not belong to them.

But the question is, whether the condition of the maritime nations would be minded if Napoleon were to have the dominion of the sea; an object that he is struggling for with all his might, and which he will unquestionably obtain if he can bear down England. He pretends indeed to be contending for the *freedom* of the sea. But what reason have we to believe him? or what reason have we to doubt that he would be the tyrant of the sea if he had it in his power? Is there a single country that his power reaches, which does not smart and groan under the rod of his dominion? His allies, what are they better than his slaves? If he exact money of them, they must give it. If he demand troops, they must grant them. If he bid them shut their ports against their old commercial customers they must instantly shut them. Can it be believed that such a tyrant upon the land, would not, if he could, be equally despotic upon the sea?

Again, judge what Napoleon would do to *us*, from what he has done already.—He has, in violation of express treaty stipulations, interdicted our commerce, sunk and burned our vessels, sequestered and confiscated cargoes to an immense amount, and imprisoned many of our seamen. It is therefore fairly presumable that if he had the dominion of the sea, not a single vessel of the United States would be allowed to sail to any port or in any direction that might not suit his sovereign will. Over and above all this, if Napoleon hereafter should have as much power upon the water as England now has, together with his immense power upon the land, he might at any time visit us with fifty or a hundred thousand veteran troops; a kind of visit which we can be in no danger from the English; it not being in their power, howsoever it might be in their disposition.

[*Connecticut Courant.*]

The sch'r Eagle, capt. Chisolm, was foundered at sea, about a half a mile from shore, the middle of last month, 22 leagues S. by E. of Cape Canaveral, East Florida; the crew and passengers (six in number) succeeded in gaining the land but could save no provisions except 5 or 6 pounds of bacon, and a few pounds of bread—the latter having been injured by the salt water, they exposed to the rain, which freshened it. They divided their scanty stock, and commenced their march over a barren beach, suffering the greatest hardships from the privation of food, and having only very bad water to drink, for which they frequently had to dig 6 or 7 feet. They proceeded in this situation for eight days, when they fortunately fell in with some wreckers, rolling rum, who gave them some hominy, and rendered them such other assistance as was in their power, until they reached New Smyrna, where they were treated with the utmost humanity, and where they received every kindness their situation required.

Extract of a letter from Boston to the editor of the Mercantile Advertiser, dated November 14.

"The ship Augustus, Cheever, has arrived at Salem, in 58 days from Malta.—Passenger, Mr. Joseph Austen of this town. He informs, that the French have a great number of privateers out in the Mediterranean, who captured many American vessels, but most of them are recovered for their owners by the British Cruizers, 16 French privateers, at different times, recently had been brought into Malta. We have seen a list of vessels left at Malta. The Augustus did not stop at Gibraltar."

NEW-YORK, *November* 18.

Arrived, schooner George Washington, Thompson, 35 days from the Island of Trinidad bound to New Haven. Left there Oct. 12th, schooner Betsey, for New York, in 18 days; brig Dianna, Bartholomy, for Turks Island in 12 days, and thence to Newbern; brig Clarinda, M'Lean, for Wilmington; schooner Topsham Beauty, Burrill, for Turks Island and Boston in 14 days; sch'r Sea Flower, Vickery (dead) Brown master, for New York or Baltimore in 15 days; and a N. York brig. Sept. 26, lat. 25 50, long. 69 50, spoke brig Ocean, Cauldwell, 15 days from Portland, for St. Jago de Cuba, all well. Flour 10 to 12 dollars. Markets very dull. Passenger capt. Robinson, late master of brig Mercury, from Alexandria to St. Croix, where the vessel arrived in distress, and was sold.—Capt. R. left St. Croix the 18th of October, in the brig Advance, for Kennebunk, in ballast, and fell in with captain T. off Sail Rock, 3 days out, and took passage with him. Markets at Saint Croix, dull, flour 8 dollars.

Gazette of Greece.—The *Republic* of the Seven Islands of Greece, lately conveyed by the emperor Alexander to the emperor Napoleon, appears by the following article to possess an official Gazette or "Moniteur."

"CORFU, July 1.

"The *Moniteur* of the Ionian islands contains the following decree:

"The senate being informed, by a letter from his excellency the imperial commissary, that Mr. John Dendrino, of Corfu, has had the audacity without any authorisation, and against the interests of the government to which the Seven Islands are now submitted, to assume the title of resident of the sepinsular republic at the sublime porte, and that in concert with the English legation at Constantinople, he is endeavoring to excite disturbances on these islands, decrees what follows:

"Mr. John Dendrino, ex-chancellor at Constantinople, is banished forever from the territory of the Ionian islands, and the whole of his estate and effects shall be confiscated."

VIENNA, Sept. 7.

The Duke of Auerstadt has issued a proclamation, in which he says that all those who shall keep up any dangerous correspondence with the Austrian army, or who shall send to it provisions, arms, stores, or any recruits raised in the country occupied by the French armies, shall be considered as traitors, and punished as such.

The following Proclamation has just been published and stuck up:

A great number of arms has been found buried under ground, near the capital; 10,000 muskets have been seized just as they were entering Presburg, several millions of florins were hid at the time the French entered Vienna; they have been discovered and seized. Several millions of bank notes, and a great number of bills belonging to the Austrian government, are still hidden in different places. His majesty being desirous of rewarding those who help to make such discoveries, grants the quarter of the value of the thing found to whoever shall cause to be discovered either muskets or warlike stores, soldiers' cloathing, bank notes, money, or claims belonging to the Austrian government. These declarations may be made in writing or by word of mouth, either to the intendant-general, or even to the governors of provinces, or in fine to any French agent.

At the head-quarters of Schoenbrun, the 7th Sept. 1809.

The prince of Neufchatel, vice-constable, major-general of the army.

ALEXANDER.

Undersigned,
The Governor-general,
F. ANDREOSSY.

☞ The CHARITY SERMON usually required at this season of the year, will be delivered next LORD'S DAY, at the Presbyterian Church, at the stated hour of worship, in the forenoon. The friends of the poor are invited to contribute. Care will be taken to search out the most worthy objects.

The Members of *St. Andrew's Society* are requested to meet at the market-house, before the ringing of the bell, that they may proceed from thence in procession to the Presbyterian Church.

NOVEMBER 23.

For SAVANNAH,
The SLOOP
LITTLE POLL,
For freight or passage enquire of
Anthony Rhodes.
November 23. d3t

☞ Left the service of the subscriber, an apprentice boy named *Robert Vassy*. Any person apprehending and delivering said boy at any place in Maryland, shall be *inconsiderably* rewarded.

William Lewis.
November 23. 3t

NOTICE.

The Subscriber intends shortly to leave the State of Virginia and District of Columbia.

Alexander Henderson, jun.
Dumfries, Nov. 5.—8. d.

ATTENTION!

A RECRUITING RENDEZVOUS is opened at the corner of Washington and King streets, for the enlistment of soldiers to serve in the United States Artillery.

John Fitzgerald,
Lt. U. S. Artillerists.
Nov. 17. d

Wanted to Hire,

A FEMALE SERVANT to cook for a small family. Enquire of the
Painter.
November 22. d3t

Baltimore College Lottery.

—

At the close the of 7th day's drawing which was Monday last, the wheel had gained $ 6989 dollars.

There are in the wheel 2 prizes of $20000, 2 of $10000 and one of 5000 dolls. which are not stationed to any particular day of drawing.

There are also six of 500 dolls. ten of 1000 dolls. one of 5000 dollars and one of 10000 dollars which are stationary—Besides a large proportion of 200, 100, 50, 20 dollars, &c

Present price of Tickets 11 dollars and 50 cents but will rise on Monday next to twelve dollars, if none of the high prizes come out this week.

Robert Gray.
November 23

NOTICE.

—

THE Stockholders in the Great Hunting Creek Bridge Company, are hereby notified, that the 5th and last installment of Fifteen Dollars on each share of stock in said company, is called for and required to be paid to the subscriber, on or before the 27th instant, November.

By order of the President and Directors,
JOHN HOOFF, Treasurer.

☞ Mr. PREUSS having removed to town, is at leisure, at present, to give private lessons in French, Spanish, or German, and will wait on those ladies who wish to be instructed in either of these accomplishments, at their houses. He continues his Day and Evening School as usual.
November 18. 3taw

Some Valuable Slaves,

Belonging to the estate of *Edward Carter*, deceased, will be offered at Public Auction, on WEDNESDAY, the 10th day of January next, at *Hay-Market*, in the county of Prince-William. They will be sold in families and for cash.

E. Brooke,
Administrator with the will annexed, of *Edward Carter.*
November 11—13. ec24t

Public Sale.

—

On Tuesday next will be sold at the Vendue-Store,

A Negro Woman

Of about 23 years of age, and her two children of 3 and 5 years of age. Terms will be made known on the day of sale.

Philip G. Marsteller.
Nov 22.

☞ *Church Music.*

—

A PERSON qualified to teach PSALMODY is wanted in the Rev Dr. MUIR's church.—To such a person great encouragement will be given. Apply to the Treasurer of said church.
November 7. 3tawtf

Five Dollars *Reward.*

Strayed from the subscriber, a large RED COW, somewhat brindled about the body, has a high back, long neck and large horns, a hole in one ear, the mark in the other [if she has any] not recollected, was in very good order when she went away, which was about the first of September—it is supposed she is with calf.

N. B. Left the subscriber's service, an apprentice to the tanning and currying business, named *Charles Yearly*. A very small reward will be given but no charges paid for bringing him home.

Ezra Kenzey & Co.
November 18.

N. HINGSTON,
FAIRFAX-STREET,

HAS just received an assortment of ENGLISH GLASS, consisting of best cut ring'd, quart and pint Decanters; cut Wine Glasses; common and cut Tumblers; a variety of cut Salts. Proof Glasses, &c. which, with his late supply of GERMAN GLASS, makes his assortment very complete, and which he will dispose of wholesale or retail.

STONE WARE, of an excellent quality, a complete assortment of Queens Ware and China, and Lee's Family Medicines, also for sale.

N. B. A liberal price will be given for clean new Hemp Seed; or Clover or other Seeds given in exchange.
November 10. d1w&1aw1m

TO RENT,

A three story Brick Dwelling House, at the corner of Washington and Prince-streets, at present occupied by Mr. Thomas Jacob.—

A L S O,

A WARE HOUSE, they will be let together or seperately. Possession will be given on the first of November next. For terms apply to Mr. P. Triplett.

Edmund Denney.
October 10. eo

☞ *Printing in all its branches neatly executed at this office.*

☞ FALL GOODS,

RECEIVED BY THE WILLIAM AND JOHN FROM LIVERPOOL,

A general assortment Fall Goods:

AMONGST WHICH ARE—

Fine and coarse broad & narrow Cloths, well assorted; Coatings, Cassimeres, Flannels, Blankets, Vestings, Hosiery, &c. &c. which will be opened and for sale in a few days.

John Loyd.

October 28. d1w3taw3w

Orphan's Court:

Alexandria County—October Term, 1809

ORDERED,

That the executrix of *Samuel Symonds*, deceased, do insert the following advertisement in the Alexandria Daily Gazette, three times in each week for four weeks.

ALEX. MOORE, Register.

This is to give Notice,

THAT the subscriber, of Alexandria county, in the district of Columbia, hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of said county, letters testamentary on the estate of *Samuel Symonds*, late of the county aforesaid, deceased: All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the vouchers thereof to the subscriber, on or before the 30th day of April next ensuing, or they may by law be excluded from all benefit to said estate—And those indebted teereto are required to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 31st day of October 1800.

Jane Symonds,
Executrix of Samuel Symonds.

Oct. 31—(Nov. 2.) 3taw4w

TO RENT,

The *STORE* and *WAREHOUSE* lately occupied by Messrs. *Libby* and *Carne*, at the corner of Fairfax and Prince streets. Also, one of the adjoining Stores and Warehouses in the same brick building. Possession can be had immediately and the rents will be made unusually low.

J. H. Hooe.

October 19. eotf

TAKE NOTICE.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the Public, that he has taken, and will shortly open an ELEGANT HOTEL in the house lately occupied by the hon. ROBERT SMITH, Capitol Hill, City of Washington—where he will be enabled, if proper encouragement shall be offered, to afford the best and most splendid accommodations.

The house above mentioned will be so prepared as to admit a display of elegance and taste in the arrangements of the season BALLS not to be excelled in the United Sates, and he hopes from long experience he has had in that line the ladies and gentlemen of Washington will enable him by their encouragement to excel in that particular.

The subscriber tenders his acknowledgments to his friends and the public for the marks of preference they have heretofore bestowed upon him, and hopes by his renewed exertions to please to deserve and receive a continuance of their favors.

☞ Boarders will be taken by the day, week, month, or year.

Wm. Caton.

November 11. d

ADAM LYNN,

HAS JUST RECEIVED AN ASSORTMENT OF

FASHIONABLE JEWELRY,

—CONSISTING OF—

CORNELIAN Ear Rings, Broaches and Bracelets, Pearl Broaches, Watch Keys, &c. &c.

ALSO,

Gold and Silver Epaulets, Lace, Cord and Sword Knots, Officers long Silk Sashes, Swords, Dirks, Belts and Plumes, Backgammon Board, Paints in boxes, Tortoishell Combs, Plated Candlesticks, Castors, Liquor Stands and Salts, Whips, and a variety of other articles.

Silver Ware as usual.

He continues to manufacture Gold & Silver ware of every description.

Two Apprentices wanted.

November 20. eo

This Day Landing,

From schooner Citizen, from Newburyport, and for sale by

Lawrason and Fowle,

10 hogsheads and 60 barrels New-Englan Rum.

5 pipes 4th proof Brandy.

ALSO,

The CARGO of schooner Ruby, Capt. Sawyer, from Portland.

50,000 feet merchantable Lumber.
30 cords Tanners' Bark.
50 barrels No. 1 and 2 Beef.
150 boxes Brown Soap,
30 kegs Butter.
10 barrels New England Rum.
10 do. Tanners' Oil.
2 casks Spermaceti do.

November 4.

TO PARENTS.

The annexed cases of cures performed by

HAMILTON'S

CELEBRATED WORM DESTROYING

LOZENGES.

(Selected from a very numerous list,)

ARE presented as indubitable proof of the excellence and safety of this valuable specific, for destroying worms in the human stomach and intestines.

From Mr. Benjamin Williams, No. 30, Baltimore street, two doors above south Gay-street.

I have a son six years of age, who for four years past, has been generally in a very unhealthy state, particularly in summer; frequently afflicted with alarming convulsion fits, the whole of his little frame wasted fast, his breath foetid, and almost constant itching at the nose was excited, with other alarming symptoms. During the course of the above period, the advice and attendance of three of the most eminent physicians in Baltimore were successively procured. Each of these gentlemen, in his turn, declared worms to be the cause of the child's disorder, and exhausted his skill in attempting to expel them. Pink root, steel filings, with a variety of other medicines, were administered without the least success. It was once pronounced impossible for the child to live many hours.

I had heard of your Worm Destroying Lozenges, but with many others did not think highly of so cheap a medicine, until a gentleman of my acquaintance (Mr. Wm. S. Moore, auctioneer) in whose family they had been used with good effect, advised me to make trial of them; I accordingly gave my son a dose agreeable to directions, which soon expelled eight large worms, some of them about eight inches in length; a second dose brought away four more of similar size; a third dose being administered, no worms appeared. The child recovered and now enjoys a good state of health.

BENJAMIN WILLIAMS.

AFFIDAVIT.

Michael Duffy, residing at No. 47, Walkes street, Fell's Point, in the city of Baltimore voluntarily maketh oath that the following statement is just and true:

In the beginning of May last, my three children, a boy of seven, and two girls the one five, and the other three years of age were taken very ill, nearly at the same time, of a common fever, as I then supposed; but was soon convinced the disorder was caused by worms. They were frequently troubled with convulsion fits, and violent startings in their sleep, and with almost continual vomiting and purging, particularly the youngest. I made immediate application to a physician of the first reputation, and his medicines were administered with a confidence of success, which only increased our disappointment. The children grew daily worse, and I was absolutely without hopes of their recovery. The youngest soon appeared almost devoid of animation, and scarcely an inhabitant of this world. In this distressing moment I was told that Hamilton's Worm Destroying Lozenges had performed many cures in cases equally desperate. I immediately purchased a box, and gave each of them a dose, which in a few hours produced the most desirable effects.—The eldest voided a great number of very large worms, and the second thousands of small ones, many of them not a quarter of an inch—in the youngest they seemed to be consumed, and had the appearance of skin and slimy matter. I repeated the dose agreeable to the paper of directions, and they all speedily recovered a good state of health, which they still enjoy, though 5 months have nearly elapsed, since they were on the borders of the grave, and the death of the whole seemed to be inevitable.

J. SMITH.

Sworn before me, this 26th day of September, 1799.

Philadelphia, August 5 1806.

TO H. LEE.

Some time last spring I was afflicted with loss of appetite, giddiness in the head, fever, and great debility, so that I could scarcely walk. In this distressing situation I took many things, but without benefit. An acquaintance in the country sent to me to procure a box of Hamilton's Lozenges. Curiosity prompted me to read the directions, where I fonnd my complaint exactly described by the doctor. I immediately sent for another box of the Lozenges, and took one dose, which brought away a large quantity of worms, and I felt greatly relieved. Encouraged by this, I took another dose, which was attended with the happiest effects, as it delieved me entirely, and am now in a better state of health than for a considerable time tne nose, and about the seat—convulsions epileptic fits, and sometimes a privation o speech—irregular appetite, sometime loathing food and sometimes voracious—purging with slimy and foetid stools—vomiting—large and hard belly—pains and sickness at the stomach—pains in the head and thighs, with lowness of spirits—slow fever, with small and irregular pulse—a dry cough—excessive thirst—sometimes pale and unhealthy countenance, and sometimes the face bloated and flushed.

Persons afflicted with any of the above symptoms, should have immediate recourse to *Hamilton's Worm Destroying Lozenges*, which have been constantly attended with success in all complaints similar to those above described.

Prevention better than Cure.

In cases of head ache, foul stomach, and for removing superfluous bile, perhaps no remedy has been discovered superior to

LEE'S HAHN'S ANTIBILIOUS PILLS,

Which for 10 yoars past have been attended with the greatest success. The testimony of many respectable persons in our southern sea ports has been adduced who have reason to believe that a timely use of this salutary remedy during the prevalence of malignant fevers, has preserved their health after experiencing alarming symptoms of fever.

Certificate of Wm. Devenny.

During the last nine years I have been in the habit of using Hahn's Antibilious Pills, prepared by the late Mr. Lee, whenever colds, head ache, or costiveness have rendered medicine necessary; in these cases a single dose has uniformly removed my head ache, and has generally been found sufficient to remove every symptom of a cold, if taken on its first appearance. Induced by the benefit I have received, I have for years past recommended them to many of my friends, and I have the pleasure to inform you, they have invariably succeeded in removing the above complaints.

Yours, WM. DEVENNY,

ITCH CURED.

Lee's Sovereign Ointment for the Itch, a certain cure by once using; Hamilton's Lozenges; Hamilton's Elixir, for Coughs; the celebrated Antibilious Pills; Hamilton's Essence of Mustard, for the Rheumatism; Tooth-Ache Drops; Hamilton's Grand Restorative for Debility.

☞ TAKE NOTICE.—That imitations of the above medicines are for sale in this town—therefore please to apply only to *Jas. Kennedy*, sen. Bookseller, King-street, Alexa. who has long been sole agent for the sale of the genuine preparations. As a further security against imposition, each genuine article has on its outside wrapper, the signature of

Hannah Lee,
Widow of the late Proprietor

July 31.

A further Proof

OF

Yarwood's useful Washing Machine.

We the subscribers have found, on trial, Joseph Yarwood's Patent Washing Machine to answer fully the intended purpose of washing cloaths of every description, and do heredy recommend them to the public as a great saving of soap, labor and cloaths. Given under our hands this day of June, 1809.

(Signed)

Dorothea Krouse, Cathinder Calder, Ann M'Carren, Martha Abercrombie, Ruth Devon, Rebecca Hattersley, Valinda Brown, Elizabeth Black, Jane B. Swann, H. Dick, Susanna Rounsaville, Elizabeth Wilson, Elizabeth Snyder, Nancy Kell, Sarah Kelsenger, Margaret B. Manley, Mary Pendall, Mary Steel, Sarah Fitzhugh, Mary Duffey, Persia Hodgkin, Carolina Hopkins, Sarah B. M'Kenay, Elizabeth Muir, Polly Rhoades, Elizabeth Longden, Ann Snowden, Ann Davies, Mary Bogan, Mary Slade, Betsey Furner, Mary Smith, Sarah G. Janney.

With pleasure I do return my sincere thanks to the above named ladies, and many others who have favored me with their certificates and custom in the purchase of Yarwood's Patent Washing Machine. I find them still in great demand in this place, but finding a very great scarcity of plank to answer the purpose of making them here, I shall in a few days or weeks commence making them to the southward. But will endeavor to supply others at a short notice after my return. I have a few now made on hand, which can be had if applied for soon.

Wm. C. Newton,
Assignee of Joseph Yarwood.

July 24.

N. B. Mr. John Troup will superintend the making, and supplying customers in my absence.

WM. C. NEWTON.

DIRECTIONS HOW TO USE

YARWOOD'S

Patent Washing Machine.

First fill the barrel half full of your fines cloths, than fill the bottom of the Reservoir with hot suds up to the side planks, turn the Crank backwards and forwards so as to make the cloaths fall the hardest against the sides of the barrel for about twenty-five minutes, then use the same suds with a little more soap and hot water for the next finest cloaths, until the suds are unfit for use, then second your cloaths in the same way with boiling suds, after rubbing a little soap on the dirtiest parts of the cloaths; then rince them in the machine in warm or cold water.

☞ *Printing in all its branches neatly executed at this office.*

Joseph H. Mandeville,

Offers for sale the following articles, by wholesale or retail.

3000 bush. Lisbon and Liverpool Salt
20000 lbs Green Coffee, in barrels and bags
5000 Goshen Cheese, of excellent quality in casks
1000 New England do. do.
200 bbls. of Herrings, Shad and Mackarel
50 tons Plaister Paris
20 bales prime Upland Georgia Cotton.
10 hhds. Jamaica, Antigua and Demarara Rum
4 pipes French and ditto Brandy
15 hhds. Muscovado Sugar.
50 bbls. do. do. different qualities
2 hhds. Copperas

Gunpowder, Imperial, Hyson, Young Hyson, and Hyson Skin, } TEAS.

Madeira, Lisbon, Claret, and Catalonia } WINES,

Holland and Country Gin
New England Rum in hhds and bbls.
Peach and Apple Brandy in bbls.
Martinique Cordials, in boxes
Loaf and Lump Sugar, Havannah Honey per gallon, Figblue,
Molasses in hhds. Spanish Flotant Indigo, Spanish Cigars, Butter,
Harris's and Taylor's manufactured Tobacco in kegs,
Gunpowder and Shot of different sizes,
Cinnamon, Nutmegs, Pepper, Pimento, Chocolate Nos. 1 and 3, Mould and Dipt Candles,
Malaga Raisins in boxes,
Pipes in boxes, 3 gross each,
Hingham box's, Hamilton's Garrett's and Leiper's Snuff in bottles.
London and Philadelphia Mustard,
Writing and Wrapping Paper,
Bed Cords, Leading Lines, &c.

ALSO,

A constant supply of WATER CRACKERS and best SUPERFINE FLOUR, by retail, and

30 hhds. of Maryland and Virginia Tobacco.

November 20.

Faxon, Metcalf and *Co.*

Have for sale, now landing from Schooner Reliance,

22 hogsheads Muscovado Sugar.
30 barrels New England Rum,
30 barrels No. 1, Boston Beef.
10 chests Young Hyson Tea.

IN STORE,

200 boxes Mould and Dipped Candles
500 reams Writing Paper.
500 do. Wrapping do.
1500 lbs. Sheathing do.
10 boxes (Bakers) Chocolate.
3 chests Young Hyson Tea.
Few barrels Connecticut Pork.

And a general assortment of SHOES,

Which will be sold low either for cash or approved notes.

Nov. 10 co2w.

NOTICE:

THAT the annual meeting of the Stockholders in the Little River Turnpike Company, will be held on the first Monday in December next, at the City Hotel, in Alexandria: at which time and place an election will take place for a President, four Directors, and a Treasurer. A statement of the company's funds together with a report of the proceedings, expenditures and progress of the work will be laid before the meeting. A proposition for equallizing the interest of the old and new Stockholders, will be taken up and decided upon.

Jonah Thompson,
Treasurer L. R. T. C.

October 1. 3tawlstMyDec

New House of Entertainment.

THOMAS RHODES, respectfully informs the citizens of Alexandria and the public, that he will open A HOUSE OF ENTERTAINMENT on the first day of July next, in a commodious and airy new house on Prince-street, sign of the Eagle, a few doors above Thomas Swann's dwelling.—He intends to keep a constant supply of the best LIQUORS and PROVISIONS, and will accommodate travellers and others on such moderate terms as to make it an object to call on him. He will be provided with a careful hostler and has good stabling for horses.

The situation is superior to any in town for the accommodation of travellers, it being out of the way of bustle and there is a pump of the best water at the door. taw

June 24.

☞ *Choice Imperial Tea.*

THE subscriber has just received a supply of *uncommon good* IMPERIAL TEA—such as he can recommend to his customers.

Thomas Patten.

October 21.